



Student Self-Monitoring

Instructions

Students can be encouraged to develop skills to monitor their own behaviour. This can be particularly useful if they need support to encourage a behaviour or to minimise challenging behaviour. Self-monitoring is where a student is given a mechanism to identify when they are engaging in a specific and clear goal or behaviour so they can become more aware of it and either increase or decrease its frequency.

Step 1.

Identify the Target behaviour or goal. Think about whether it is an important behaviour or goal to target for the student. Discuss this with the student.

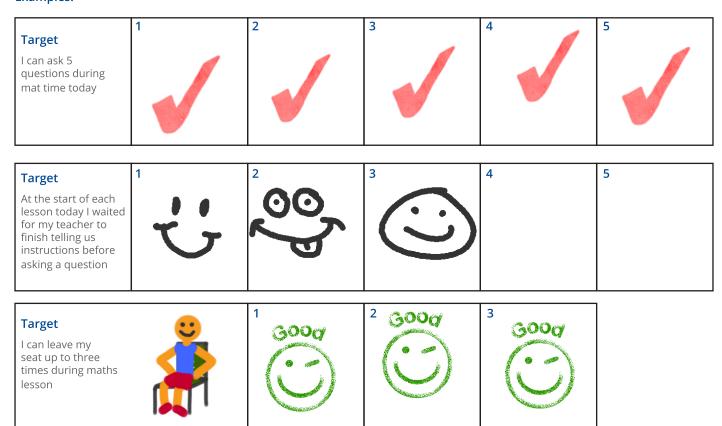
Step 2.

Describe the behaviour/goal in a clear and specific manner that can be measured. For some students this might be a visual image of the behaviour. Add the Target to the self-monitoring form.

Step 3.

The student can draw a tick or smiley face in the square when they engage in the target behaviour (or use a stamp). You may need to remind the student to use the form. If so, do this in a way as to not attract negative attention to the student. Provide encouragement as the student uses the form. Over time the form can be phased out as the student learns to automatically engage in the target.

Examples:







PRIMARY LEARN

Student Self-Monitoring form

Name:				Date:	
Target:	1	2	3	4	5
Target:	1	2	3	4	5
Target:	1	2	3	4	5
Target:	1	2	3	4	5